

當代中國大陸宗教政策變遷及其影響－菁英途徑論述

張家麟

真理大學宗教研究所副教授兼系主任

摘要

本研究焦點放在 1980 年代之後中國大陸宗教政策的變遷，及政策變遷所造成的影響。

運用深度訪談法蒐集中國大陸宗教行政、宗教團體及宗教學術菁英，對上述問題的主觀陳述；並比對文獻資料，理解此問題的本質之後，作者給予詮釋。以下為詮釋的幾個問題：

- 一、意識型態的重新解釋是否造成宗教政策的變化？
- 二、宗教政策的變化促進傳統五大宗教的發展？
- 三、宗教政策的變化，限制新興宗教的出現與外國宗教團體在大陸的宣教？
- 四、合法宗教團體與國家互動良好，非法宗教團體與國家互動不良？

關鍵字：宗教政策、菁英、中國大陸、意識型態、宗教團體、互動

Contemporary Mainland China Religion Policy Change and Influence - Elite Approach Analysis

Johnny Chang

Associate Professor, the Graduate Institute of Religious
Studies of Aletheia University

Abstract

The paper focuses on 1980-2000 Mainland China religion policy change and influence. I adapt field study method- depth interview- to collect raw data. I have interviewed three kinds of elites, including Mainland China religion administration bureaucracy elites, religion group's elites and religion researcher elites. Comparative these elites opinions, try to understand following questions:

1. Does Marxism ideology causes Mainland China religion policy change?
2. Does Mainland China religion policy change influence five major religions developing?
3. Does Mainland China religion policy change limit the new religious group and foreign religious group developing?
4. How to interact between legal religious group and illegal religious group with Mainland China administration bureaucracy?

Keywords: religion policy, elite, Mainland China, ideology, religion group, interaction